Material Safety Data Sheet



SECTION I PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

GAS OIL, LIGHT

Product Use: Refinery stream Company Identification Chevron Products Company Marketing, MSDS Coordinator 6001 Bollinger Canyon Road San Ramon, CA 94583 United States of America

Transportation Emergency Response

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 or (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Health Emergency

Chevron Emergency Information Center: Located in the USA. International collect calls accepted. (800)

231-0623 or (510) 231-0623

Product Information

MSDS Requests: (800) 689-3998

SECTION 2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT
Distillates, straight run middle (gas oil, light)	64741-44-2	100 %weight

SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

- COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR
- CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION
- MAY BE HARMFUL OR FATAL IF INHALED
- MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION IF INHALED
- MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED
- MAY CAUSE DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS AND REDUCED ALERTNESS
- CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO:
- LIVER
- BLOOD/BLOOD FORMING ORGANS
- TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS. MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT

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IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye: Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

Skin: Contact with the skin causes irritation. Skin contact may cause drying or defatting of the skin. Symptoms may include pain, itching, discoloration, swelling, and blistering. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion: Because of its low viscosity, this material can directly enter the lungs, if swallowed, or if subsequently vomited. Once in the lungs it is very difficult to remove and can cause severe injury or death. May be irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Symptoms may include pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Inhalation: Toxic; may be harmful or fatal if inhaled. The vapor or fumes from this material may cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms of respiratory irritation may include coughing and difficulty breathing. Excessive or prolonged breathing of this material may cause central nervous system effects. Central nervous system effects may include headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, weakness, loss of coordination, blurred vision, drowsiness, confusion, or disorientation. At extreme exposures, central nervous system effects may include respiratory depression, tremors or convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma or death.

DELAYED OR OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:

Target Organs: Contains material that may cause damage to the following organ(s) following repeated skin contact based on animal data: Liver Blood/Blood Forming Organs
See Section 11 for additional information. Risk depends on duration and level of exposure.

SECTIONAL FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

Skin: Wash skin with water immediately and remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if any symptoms develop. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

Ingestion: If swallowed, get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: During an emergency, wear an approved, positive pressure air-supplying respirator. Move the exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

Note to Physicians: Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting may result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which may cause pneumonitis.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

See Section 7 for proper handling and storage.

FIRE CLASSIFICATION:

OSHA Classification (29 CFR 1910.1200): Combustible liquid.

NFPA RATINGS: Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Reactivity: 0

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES: Flashpoint: < 93 °C (< 200 °F)

Autoignition: 338 °C (640 °F) NFPA 325M

Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air): Lower: 0.5 Upper: 5

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish

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flames.

PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

Fire Fighting Instructions: For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Combustion Products: Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airbome solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion.

SECTION 6-ACCIDENTAL RECEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures: Eliminate all sources of ignition in the vicinity of the spill or released vapor. If this material is released into the work area, evacuate the area immediately. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

Splli Management: Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Reporting: Report spills to local authorities and/or the U.S. Coast Guard's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautionary Measures: Liquid evaporates and forms vapor (fumes) which can catch fire and burn with explosive force. Invisible vapor spreads easily and can be set on fire by many sources such as pilot lights, welding equipment, and electrical motors and switches. Fire hazard is greater as liquid temperature rises above 29C (85F).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Do not breathe vapor or fumes. Wash thoroughly after handling.

General Handling Information: Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

Static Hazard: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures. For more information, refer to OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.106, 'Flammable and Combustible Liquids', National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 77, 'Recommended Practice on Static Electricity', and/or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, 'Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents'.

General Storage Information: DO NOT USE OR STORE near heat, sparks, flames, or hot surfaces. USE AND STORE ONLY IN WELL VENTILATED AREA. Keep container closed when not in use. Container Warnings: Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

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SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

If user operations generate airborne material, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control exposure.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Eye/Face Protection: No special eye protection is normally required. Where spiashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

Skin Protection: Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Selection of protective clothing may include gloves, apron, boots, and complete facial protection depending on operations conducted. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Chlorinated Polyethylene (or Chlorosulfonated Polyethylene), Nitrile Rubber, Polyurethane, Viton.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure to harmful levels of airborne material may occur when working with this material, wear an approved respirator that provides protection, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

No applicable occupational exposure limits exist for this material or its components.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color: No data available Physical State: Liquid Odor: Petroleum odor pH: Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: 0.4 kPa (Estimated) @ 40 °C (104 °F)

Vapor Density (Air = 1): >1 (Estimated) Boiling Point: 205°C (401°F) - 345°C (653°F)

Solubliity: Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents; insoluble in water.

Freezing Point: Not Applicable
Melting Point: Not Applicable
Specific Gravity: <1 NFPA 325M

Density: 0.844 g/ml

Viscosity: 4.16 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Incompatibility With Other Materials: May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as

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chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known (None expected) Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Irritation: The Draize eye irritation mean score in rabbits for a 24-hour exposure was: 1.0/110. Skin Irritation: For a 24-hour exposure, the Primary Irritation Score (PIS) in rabbits is: 3.2/8.0. Skin Sensitization: This material did not cause skin sensitization reactions in a Buehler guinea pig test. This material did not cause sensitization reactions in a Modified Buehler guinea pig test. Acute Dermal Toxicity: LD50: >2g/kg (rabbit).

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50: > 5 g/kg (rat)

Acute inhalation Toxicity: 4 hour(s) LC50: 1.78mg/l (rat).

Genetic Toxicity: This product gave positive results in the following mutagenicity assays: <Mouse Lymphoma Gene Mutation Assay> This product gave negative results in the following mutagenicity assays: <In Vivo Mouse Micronucleus Test>

ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

This product may contain significant amounts of Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH's) which have been shown to cause skin cancer after prolonged and frequent contact with the skin of test animals. Brief or intermittent skin contact with this product is not expected to have serious effects if it is washed from the skin. While skin cancer is unlikely to occur in human beings following use of this product, skin contact and breathing, of mists, vapors or dusts should be reduced to a minimum.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

This material is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE

This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. The biodegradability of this material is based on data for the components.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

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DOT Shipping Description: UN2810, TOXIC, LIQUIDS, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (STRAIGHT RUN MIDDLE DISTILLATE), 6.1, III

IMO/IMDG Shipping Description: UN2810, TOXIC, LIQUIDS, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (STRAIGHT RUN MIDDLE DISTILLATE), 6.1, III, MARINE POLLUTANT (STRAIGHT RUN MIDDLE DISTILLATE)

ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: UN2810, TOXIC, LIQUIDS, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (STRAIGHT RUN MIDDLE DISTILLATE), 6.1, III

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA 311/312 CATEGORIES:

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects:

YES

Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects: 2.

YES

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3. Fire Hazard: YES

4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard:

NO

5. Reactivity Hazard:

NO

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:

01-1=IARC Group 1

03=EPCRA 313

01-2A=IARC Group 2A

04=CA Proposition 65 05=MA RTK

01-2B=IARC Group 2B 02=NTP Carcinogen

06=NJ RTK

07=PA RTK

The following components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated. Distillates, straight run middle (gas oil, light) 06

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), EINECS (European Union), IECŠC (China), KECI (Korea), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (United States).

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS:

Health: 2

Flammability: 2

Reactivity: 0

HMIS RATINGS:

Health: 2*

Flammability: 2

Reactivity: 0

(0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *- Chronic Effect indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

REVISION STATEMENT: This revision updates the following sections of this Material Safety Data Sheet: 3, 5, 12, 14, 16

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ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value	TWA - Time Weighted Average
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

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	CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number	
ACGIH - American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
API - American Petroleum Institute	MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheet	
CVX - Chevron	NFPA - National Fire Protection Association (USA)	
DOT - Department of Transportation (USA)	NTP - National Toxicology Program (USA)	
IARC - International Agency for Research on	OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health	
Cancer	Administration	

Prepared according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the ANSI MSDS Standard (Z400.1) by the Chevron Energy Technology Company, 100 Chevron Way, Richmond, California 94802.

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.